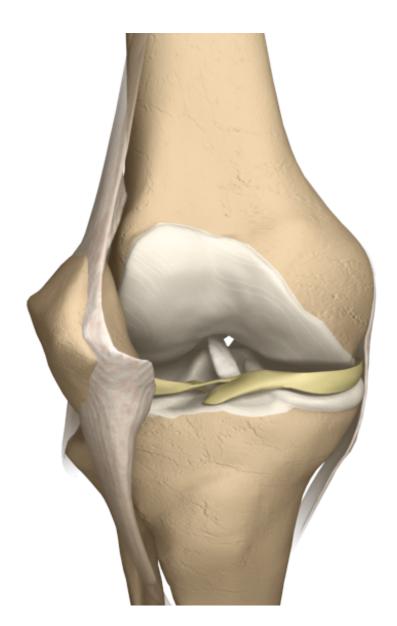




Cartilage Transplants - Autograft (from you)

Articular cartilage is a firm rubbery tissue that covers the ends of bones. It provides a smooth gliding surface for joints and acts as a cushion between bones.







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Removal of Damaged Cartilage Introduction

Articular cartilage is a firm rubbery tissue that covers the ends of bones. It provides a smooth gliding surface for joints and acts as a cushion between bones.



When the Procedure is Performed

Cartilage can break down due to overuse or injury. This can lead to pain and swelling and problems with your joint. Your treatment will depend on the size of the defect and the judgment of your surgeon. This procedure is performed on people who have a specific cartilage defect typically due to an injury. It is not done when cartilage loss is much more extensive.



Incisions

Small incisions (portals) are made around the joint. The scope and surgical instruments will go into these incisions.



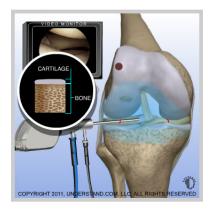


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Visualization

The scope is inserted into the knee. Saline solution flows through a tube (cannula) and into the knee to expand the joint and to improve visualization. The image is sent to a video monitor where the surgeon can see inside the joint.



Repair

Healthy bone and cartilage is taken from a non-weight bearing section of your femur. The damaged area is prepared and the new plug is inserted into the site.



Repairing Extensive Damage

Depending on the size and shape of the defect, additional tissue plugs may be taken and inserted into the site to completely fill the damaged area with new cartilage.

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End of Procedure

After the tissue is in place, the surgical instruments are removed and the procedure is completed.